2024年度 福岡大学 医学部〈医〉（系統別日程）そっくり類題問題冊子

科目：英語（コミュニケーション英語I・II・III、英語表現I・II）｜試験時間：70分｜配点：100点｜作成：TMPS医学館 英語道場

【受験上の注意】 本冊子は福岡大学医学部（2024年度・一般選抜系統別日程）の出題形式・語数・文法論点に完全準拠した演習用オリジナル類題です。解答はすべて末尾の解答記入欄（または各自のノート）に記入しなさい。解答・解説はWeb解説ページの「そっくり類題セット」欄で確認できます。

〔I〕 次の英文の下線部を和訳せよ。（配点 15点）

As awareness of public hygiene grew across late nineteenth-century Britain, medical journals published an increasing number of reports on hospital sanitation and surgical outcomes. Further, the period between the 1860s and the 1900s saw exponential growth in the number of clinical bulletins published. In the 1860s fewer than 80 medical titles were in circulation, but by the 1900s, more than 1,200 new periodicals and newsletters were being produced. In keeping with this expansion, the number of journals devoted to operative surgery increased greatly. Given that the readership of these journals were practicing surgeons themselves, the references to and evaluation of antiseptic techniques in them remained almost universally favorable.

注　hygiene：衛生　　bulletin(s)：会報・定期刊行物　　exponential：急上昇の　　antiseptic：消毒の、防腐の

〔II〕 次の英文の内容と合致するものを下の 11〜20 の中から四つ選び、その番号を記入せよ。（配点 28点：7点×4）

When global travel came to a sudden halt in early 2020, historians and public health experts looked back at how medieval port cities managed contagious diseases. In Venice, the famous lagoon city of northeastern Italy, local heritage groups have been drawing attention to two small islands that pioneered the concept of maritime isolation centuries ago.

The word *quarantine* itself comes from the Venetian dialect phrase *quaranta giorni*, meaning “forty days.” According to the Venetian Lagoon Heritage Society, the Senate of Venice established the world's first permanent plague hospital on the island of Lazzaretto Vecchio in 1423, followed by a preventive isolation facility on Lazzaretto Nuovo in 1468. Arriving ships suspected of carrying infection were required to anchor near Lazzaretto Nuovo, where passengers and crew stayed for forty days before entering the city.

These quarantine islands were once a vital shield for Venice's maritime trade, though today they are far less visited than Saint Mark's Basilica or the Rialto Bridge. On Lazzaretto Nuovo, merchants stored imported silk, wool, and spices inside vast brick warehouses. Instead of burning the expensive cargo, workers unpacked the goods and exposed them to sea breezes and aromatic smoke from herbs to purify them.

Over the centuries, as modern medicine advanced, the islands lost their medical role and were converted into military outposts in the nineteenth century. Furthermore, severe storm surges in the late 1960s damaged several historic boundary walls along the lagoon. In recent years, however, parts of Lazzaretto Nuovo have been opened to the public as an eco-museum, offering guided open-air tours.

During the 1570s, when another severe plague outbreak struck Venice, health magistrates kept detailed records on warehouse walls and purified official coins in bowls of vinegar before handing them to boatmen. All of these inscriptions have been cataloged by the Venetian Lagoon Heritage Society, which was founded in 2015 to protect the islands from erosion and neglect. By installing educational panels along the walking trails, the society hopes visitors will appreciate how historical wisdom continues to inform public health today.

注　maritime：海上の　　purify：浄化する、消毒する　　vinegar：酢

番号	選択肢（本文の内容と合致するものを4つ選択）
11.	The English word *quarantine* originates from a Venetian expression referring to a forty-day period.
12.	Venice built its first permanent plague hospital on Lazzaretto Vecchio in the late fourteenth century.
13.	Even before 2020, the quarantine islands attracted more international tourists than Saint Mark's Basilica.
14.	In medieval Venice, workers burned all imported silk and spices on Lazzaretto Nuovo to stop the plague.
15.	Instead of destroying valuable cargo, Venetian workers used fresh air and herbal smoke to disinfect imported goods.
16.	In the nineteenth century, the quarantine islands were transformed into military facilities.
17.	Lazzaretto Nuovo remains completely closed to the public today to prevent the spread of disease.
18.	During the plague of the 1570s, Venetian health officials drank vinegar to protect themselves from infection.
19.	The Venetian Lagoon Heritage Society was established in 2020 when global travel stopped.
20.	The Venetian Lagoon Heritage Society is working to preserve the islands and educate visitors through information signs.

〔III〕 次の(a)〜(h)の各文の空欄に入れるのに適していないものを 1〜4 の中から一つずつ選び、その番号を記入せよ。（配点 24点：3点×8）

(a) Construction of the new regional hospital (　　) access to emergency medical care for local residents.
1. improved　2. has been a great triumph to　3. has expanded opportunities for　4. brought a major improvement in

(b) (　　) fresh vegetables provides essential vitamins and minerals for growing children.
1. Nutritious meals with　2. Including dishes with　3. The intake of　4. Consuming

(c) The outdoor concert had been proceeding smoothly in the park until it (　　) heavy gusts of wind and pouring rain.
1. grew violently　2. suddenly ended with　3. was disrupted by　4. was halted by

(d) During their clinical training, medical students follow strict hygiene protocols when (　　) surgical instruments.
1. they learn to handle　2. preparing to sterilize　3. practicing to operate with　4. examining

(e) Please label all blood samples accurately, or else they (　　) the wrong laboratory.
1. may be delivered to　2. could make shipment in　3. might end up at　4. can be sent to

(f) It is not only professional astronomers who (　　) about the possibility of life on distant planets.
1. wonder　2. are enthusiastic　3. are eager to learn　4. are fascinating

(g) The hospital issued a guideline asking staff to record any unexpected side effect (　　) during the clinical trial.
1. they might observe　2. they have noticed　3. that was happened　4. that patients report

(h) When choosing a treatment plan, the safest approach is often the one that (　　) with the fewest side effects.
1. doctors recommend　2. is administered　3. can be applied　4. we preferred

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〔IV〕 次の(a)〜(f)の各組の語について、最も強く発音する音節の母音がA欄と同じものをB欄の中から一つ選んで、その番号を記入せよ。（配点 12点：2点×6）

A 欄	B 欄
(a) re-main-der	1. moun-tain　2. com-plain　3. mem-ber　4. cap-ture　5. pos-si-ble
(b) nav-i-gat-ing	1. fea-ture　2. cli-mate　3. va-ca-tion　4. dra-mat-ic　5. mo-ment
(c) bi-ol-o-gy	1. pro-vide　2. de-vo-tion　3. doc-u-ment　4. fam-i-ly　5. dis-cov-er
(d) di-rect-ly	1. be-yond　2. pub-lic　3. ex-pec-ta-tion　4. ac-ci-den-tal　5. pas-sen-ger

A 欄	B 欄				
(e) re-cent-ly	1. re-lieve	2. mil-i-tar-y	3. A-pril	4. men-tion	5. cer-tain
(f) post-card	1. coun-try	2. lo-cal	3. for-tu-nate	4. rou-tine	5. foot-step

〔V〕 次の日本文の意味を伝えるように英文の (a)〜(f) の空欄に 1〜7 の語(句)を入れ、その番号を記入せよ。なお、使わない語(句)が各問に一つずつある。（配点 21点）

A. 試験の前日の夜まで復習を先延ばしにするなんて、分別がなさすぎるよ。
You ought to (a) (b) (c) (d) to put off your review until (e) (f) the exam.
〔1. not　2. the night　3. better　4. known　5. before　6. have　7. than〕

B. その医師にはどこか周りの患者を安心させる雰囲気がある。
There is (a) (b) (c) the doctor (d) (e) (f) around her feel relieved.
〔1. something　2. makes　3. everyone　4. reassuring　5. for　6. about　7. that〕

C. 彼は研究室での実験に没頭していたあまり友人に一筆書くことすらなかった。
He was so (a) (b) his experiments in the laboratory that he didn't so (c) (d) (e) (f) to his friends.
〔1. a line　2. in　3. message　4. absorbed　5. much　6. drop　7. as〕

D. 今夜は吹雪が予想されているので、最終便が欠航になる可能性を念頭に置く必要がある。
Given the forecast for a snowstorm tonight, we must (a) (b) (c) the possibility of (d) (e) (f).
〔1. being　2. bear　3. the last flight　4. consider　5. in　6. mind　7. canceled〕

【解答用紙（自己採点記入欄）】

大問	解答記入欄	配点
〔I〕 下線部和訳	（記述解答欄）	15点
〔II〕 内容真偽（4つ）	【　　】・【　　】・【　　】・【　　】（順不同）	28点（7点×4）
〔III〕 文法（不適切選択）	(a) [　] (b) [　] (c) [　] (d) [　] (e) [　] (f) [　] (g) [　] (h) [　]	24点（3点×8）
〔IV〕 発音・強勢母音	(a) [　] (b) [　] (c) [　] (d) [　] (e) [　] (f) [　]	12点（2点×6）
〔V〕 整序英作文	A: (a)[　] (b)[　] (c)[　] (d)[　] (e)[　] (f)[　] ／ B: (a)[　] (b)[　] (c)[　] (d)[　] (e)[　] (f)[　] C: (a)[　] (b)[　] (c)[　] (d)[　] (e)[　] (f)[　] ／ D: (a)[　] (b)[　] (c)[　] (d)[　] (e)[　] (f)[　]	21点